

ST2 1625Nx\SR ST2 1625Nx\DR



DATA SHEET

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Kernel Sistemi Kernel Sistemi s.r.l., via Vignolese n. 1138 41126 Modena - ITALY Tel. 059 469 978 - Fax 059 468 874 www.kernelgroup.it

INDEX

1.	SAFETY	3
2.	GENERAL NOTES	4
2.1.	. Introduction	4
3.	HARDWARE CHARACTERISTICS	6
3.2. 3.3. 3.4. 3.5. 3.6. 3.7. 3.8. 3.10 3.11 3.12 3.13	Hardware Characteristics. Power Dissipation. Connector: CN1. Connector: CN3. Connector: CN4. Connector: CN5. Board dimensions (without supporting box). Memory Protection. Busbar. Dip-switches. Fixing system of the naked board (without supporting box). Status led. Informations about wires and connectors. Connection Types. Scada - PLC.	
4.	MEMORY MAP	16
	Memory Map Description	
5.	OPTICAL FIBER	22
5.2.	OFC Network features Optical Fiber Cable Optical Fiber Connector	22
6.	ORDER CODES	23
7	CONTACTS	24

Attention

The information contained in this document may change without notice. Therefore, please check our website (www.kernelgroup.it) regularly and always download the latest version available.

1.SAFETY

This product is a String Monitoring System (SMU) and its application is the monitoring of photovoltaic systems. From an electrical point of view, by their nature, photovoltaic systems operate in direct current and with very high voltage and current values.

DANGER - This product is therefore designed to operate with direct current voltage values up to 1500 VDC. This voltage value is potentially fatal. Voltage values between 24 VDC and 1500 VDC are therefore present on this product. - All transducers connected to the auxiliary input connectors must be isolated at 1500 VDC. These transducers are PT100 and, in the case of the ST2N and ST2 series, also transducers with 0/10 VDC and 0/20 mA output (typically anemometers)

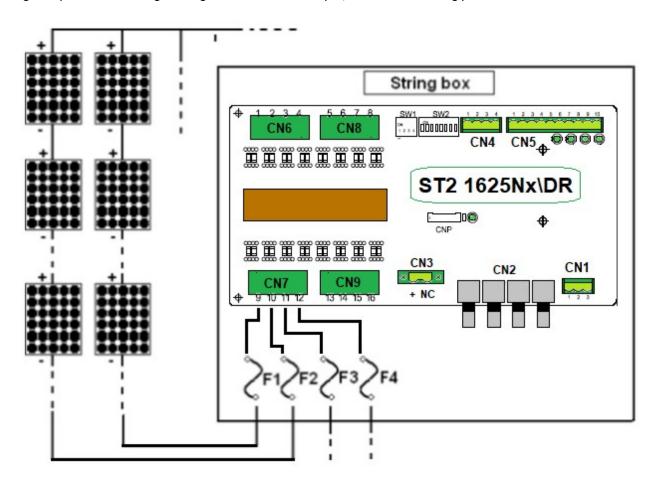
Safety: Installation and replacement precautions				
	DANGER	- The installation and / or replacement of this product must take place in absolute safety, therefore it is necessary to proceed with the installation and / or replacement of this product which is housed inside the field panel after disconnecting the power and dangerous voltages from solar panels.		
		- In any case, any intervention involving the handling of the SMU must be carried out by skilled and trained technicians equipped with insulation gloves designed for voltage values up to 1500 VDC and after disconnecting any voltage and current from the solar panels.		

	Important Safety Instructions				
	DANGER	 Contact with wiring terminals inside the device can cause death by electric shock! Before to operate inside cards with tester, or with other measurement equipment, it is mandatory TO OPEN fuses and other components that can bring high level voltage inside cards. 			
<u> </u>	WARNING	 Please check all input and output wire terminals in case of high DC voltage and make sure there is no voltage before electrical connection to avoid electric shock! Do not touch the live parts of the input and output sides to avoid electric shock when checking or maintaining the device. All installation and wiring connections must be made by qualified technical personnel only. 			
A	CAUTION	 All wiring and operation must comply with the requirements of the relevant local standards of the device. Check the device and make sure there are no problems with the installation before putting it into operation! Connect the wires to the positive and negative marked positions of the device to avoid the risk of short circuit, ensure personal safety and keep the device in normal operation. 			
•	IMPORTANT	Reference to current standards For any other consideration, safety precaution, it is absolutely necessary, before carrying out any installation and / or replacement of the SMU, to refer to the regulations in force regarding the construction of combiner boxes.			

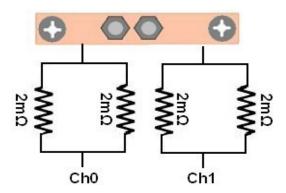
2.GENERAL NOTES

2.1.Introduction

The ST2 module to string control, allow to monitoring current and voltage generated by photovoltaic panels strings. For example is possible connect each other 32 PV panels at 36 V to each string channel, with positive pole connected each other. The negative pole of each string is brought to the dedicated input, like in the following picture:



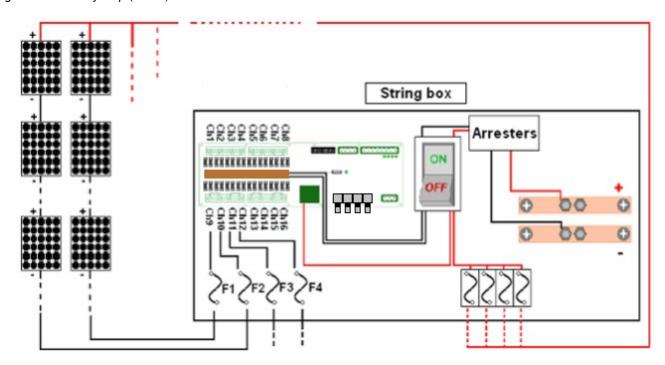
After the strings input connector, on the ST2 board there are two resistors in parallel, they are necessary to detect the current follow:



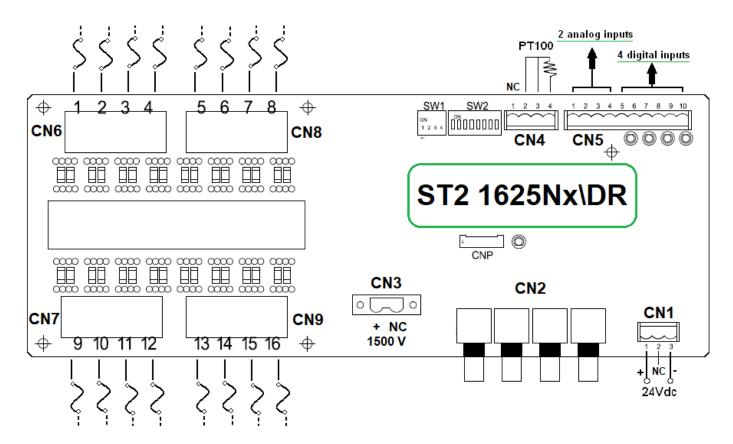
and finally a copper bar connect all the negative poles, thus creating a common 0 V.

The ST2 board also provides four digital inputs and three analog inputs. One analog inputs is for PT100 connection, another one for solarimeter connection and the last analog input is 0 ... 20 mA with precision better than 1,5 %. The digital inputs allows to detect the arrester state, another input is usually used for a sensor connected to string box panel's closing door and other switches in general, and an auxiliary fourth PNP digital input.

Is possible communicate with the ST2 board with a Fiber Optic connection. Using Modbus RTU protocol, or with IEC 60870-5-101 protocol, is possible monitoring all the physical quantities measured (temperature, solar intensity, current, digital inputs state ecc...). Moreover is possible keep monitored the fuses status on the string box, through the reading of an internal register on memory map (30034).



In the following image there are the "ST2 string controller" with all the wiring. Obviously isn't necessary connect all the specified devices, they are indicated to give a connection general idea.



3.HARDWARE CHARACTERISTICS

3.1. Hardware Characteristics

ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTICS				
Microprocessor	STM32F303			
Power supply	24 V	dc		
Power consumption (W)	< 3	W		
Maximum number of monitored strings	16			
Maximum common voltage	1500 V with precision	n better than 0,5 %		
Max. current for each string	25.	A		
Range of measurement	0 40	00 A		
Current reading accuracy	Better tha	n 0,15 %		
Current reading precision	Typical	0,5 %		
Communication	Fiber C	Optic		
Digital Inputs	4 digital inputs 24 Vdc PNP			
Analog inputs	1 input PT100, 1 current input (0 20n solarimeter + one on board temperature the string b	sensor to know the temperature inside		
Working temperature's range	From -20 t	o +80 °C		
Working atmosphere	Without corrosive gas			
ID Address	Defined by dip-switches			
Size	279,7 x 108 mm			
Size (with support for din rail bar)	283,7 x 128 mm			
Working humidity	Lower 95 % without condensation			
MTBF > 500000 hours) hours		
Maximum Operating Altitude	Maximum Operating Altitude 4000 meters			
Minimum Current	1 A (programmable)	from Firmware Version :		
Minimum Voltage	100 V (programmable)	1.31 forward		

N°	Type of resources	Symbol	Terminal Block
1	1 PT100 input (from -20 to +120 °C) to temperature reading, with precision better than 1,5 %		CN4
1	Sensor on board to switch board's temperature reading (precision better than 1,5 $\%)$	Т2	On board
1	Analog input from 0 to 10 V for solarimeter connection	ADC2	CN5
1	Analog input from 0 to 20 mA with precision better 1,5 $\%$	ADC1	CN5
4	PNP digital inputs 24 Vdc, typically used to arrester connection, switches or other devices	INPO, INP1 INP2, INP3	CN5
1	Fiber Optic connection: is used to connect many "ST2 string controllers" into a network or to a PC. Is possible select the communication characteristics with a dip-switches on board (node address, baud rate, parity, and communication protocol, that may be Modbus RTU or IEC 60870-5-101). It's divided in 2 connectors (Single Ring) or 4 connectors (Double Ring)	FIBER OPTIC	CN2
16	This board can manage the current reading of 16 strings until 25 A with typical precision of 0,5 $\%$ and a temperature between -20 and +80 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	Ch01 Ch16	CN6, CN7 CN8, CN9

3.2. Power Dissipation

First of all we have to distinguish from "power dissipation" to "power consumption": power dissipation is the total amount of power dissipated by the SMU, that is splitted in two parts: the part needed to supply the electronics and the part dissipated by the shunts used to measure the string currents. Only the part needed by the electronic (the power consumption) is to be supplied by the external 24 V power supply, this part is fixed and is typically less then 3 W (125 mA) for all models of SMU.

The part dissipated by the shunt is variable and depends by the number of shunts and by the current that flows into them. To calculate the dissipation of each channel you can use the following formula, valid for all the SMU model:

Shunt_Power = current * current * 0.001 (where 0.001 is the ohmic resistance of the shunt) than you have to multiply for the number of channels (shunts)

Example: ST01625 you have 25 * 25 * 0.001 * 16 = 10.0 W

Otherwise if you consider a current of 12 A the power dissipated onto the shunt drops to 2.3 W

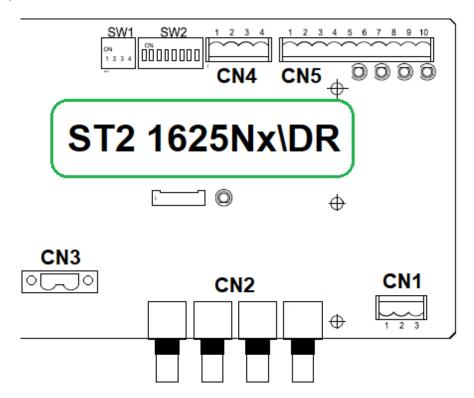
• Example: ST22422 you have 22 * 22 * 0.001 * 24 = 11.6 W

Otherwise if you consider a current of 20 A the power dissipated onto the shunt drops to 9.6 W

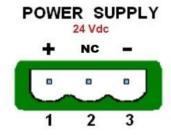
This part of power is not to be supplied by the 24 V external power supply because it is directly generated by the current from PV strings.

IMPORTANT

It is possible to power the board directly from PV panels using an insulated DC/DC power supply for PV usage. Of course keep in mind that before the sunrise and after the sunset the voltage from the PV is zero, so the DC/DC converter does not work and the board is not powered.

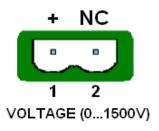


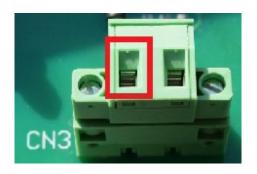
3.3.Connector: CN1



3.4.Connector: CN3

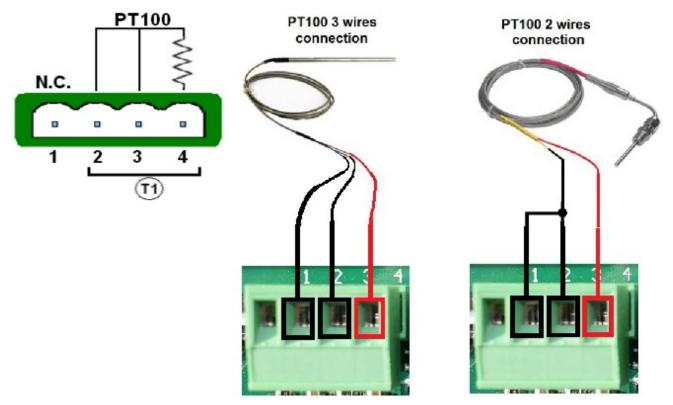
To read the voltages, is necessary connect the negative of the panel's string to one channel and the positive to the positive pin of connector CN3. You'll find the voltage value on 30040.





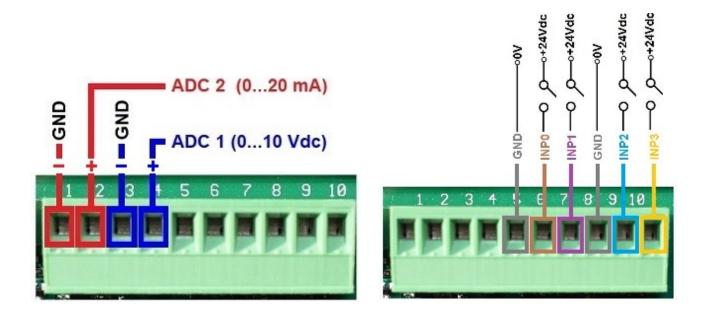
3.5.Connector: CN4

Is possible connect one PT100 to read the external temperature. The PT100 could be 2 or 3 wires, it will be connected in the following way to terminal block CN4. You can find this temperature on register 30044.

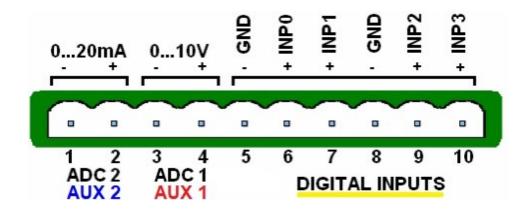


3.6.Connector: CN5

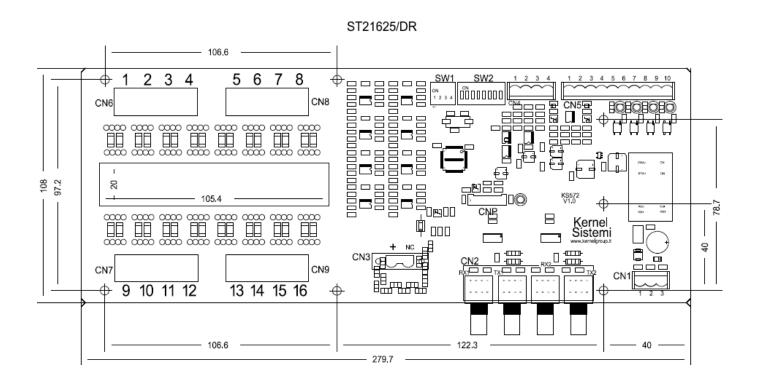
To know when a switch (for example the general one) is ON or OFF, there are four digital inputs PNP 24 Vdc on terminal block CN5. Each digital input status is indicated also by a led status on board. You need to use the pins 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10. Inside the memory map the bits from 0 to 3 of register 30001 are the digital input status.



May be necessary connect a probe to a junction box, for example a pyrometer (to know the solar irradiation). To this purpose there are two analog inputs: one which allow to connect a signal which can be from 0 to 20 mA and the other one which allow to connect a signal from 0 to 10 Vdc. The connection is to pin 1, 2, 3 and 4 of terminal block CN5. On register 30042 and 30043 you can find a value between 0...1000 in order to the signal value (20 mA or 10 Vdc = 1000; 10 mA or 5 Vdc = 500; 0 mA or 0 Vdc = 0 etc...)



3.7.Board dimensions (without supporting box)



3.8. Memory Protection

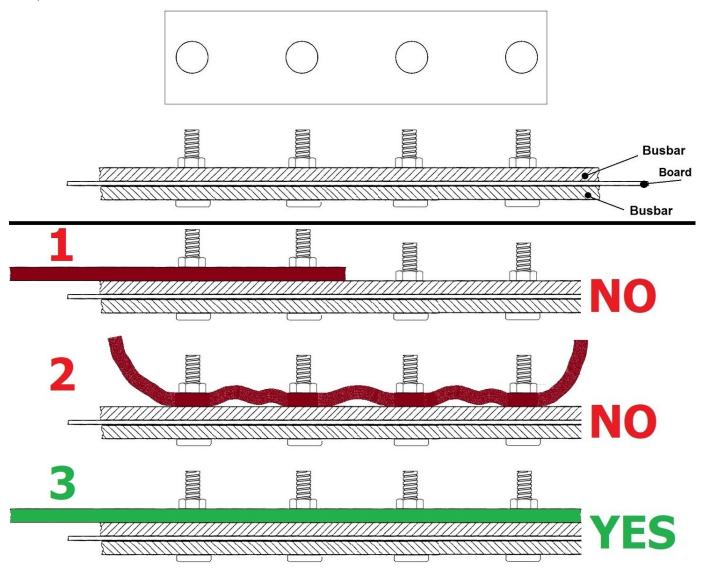
Memory is always protected by writing! In order to enable writing for a limited time (10 minutes), you have to write:

Value: 0x5555 Hex Modbus Address: 40100



3.9.Busbar

Examples of busbar connection:



If it is necessary to "extend" the busbar, the following fundamental rules must be followed:

- 1. The added bar must take the whole bar and be connected to all the bolts (with the correct tightening torque).
- 2. It must not have curves or irregularities.
- 3. It must be absolutely flat so as to be perfectly in contact on the whole surface of the bar.

This connection busbar MUST be perfectly planar.

It is therefore necessary to check that these busbars are perfectly planar BEFORE fixing them to the busbar of the board.

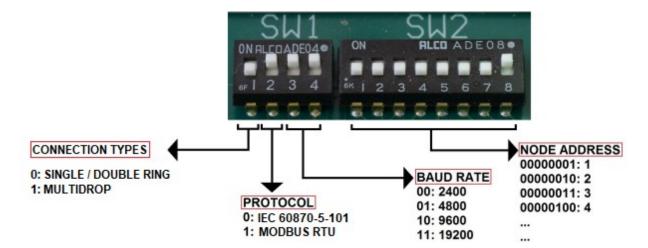
It is necessary FIRST to fix the "busbar connection to the Switch Disconnector" to the BOARD, then perform the fastening of this busbar to the Switch Disconnector. In doing so, the perfect contact between the "busbar connection to the S.D." and the busbar on the board is guaranteed.

ATTENTION

The dimensions of the bar must be calculated according to the value of the MAXIMUM CURRENT (follow the appropriate regulatory tables)

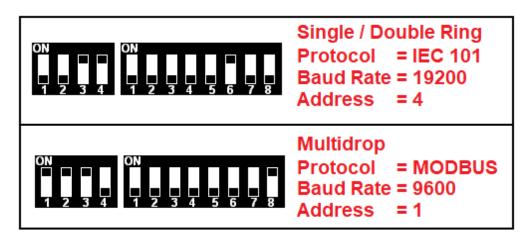
As an alternative to the bar, it is possible to connect more CABLES to the busbar on the board: also in this case the cables must be appropriately sized according to the value of the MAXIMUM CURRENT (follow the appropriate regulatory tables).

3.10.Dip-switches



Note: Parity = NO_PARITY; Bit = 8; Stop = 1

Some dip-switches examples:



3.11. Fixing system of the naked board (without supporting box)

To fix the naked board (without case) is necessary use plastic spacers with dual clutch. The plastic spacers must be 4x20 mm or 4x25 mm (4 mm is the hole diameter on the board). Look the below picture.



3.12.Status led

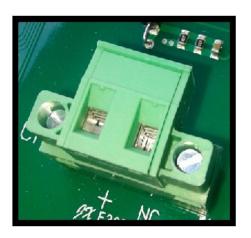
On the board there is a status led which with its blinking show the board status.

There are two possible different blinking ways: blinking each 0,5 sec, or blinking faster. If the blinking is 0,5 sec ON and 0,5 sec OFF, it means that the board is ready to communicate with an external device, instead if the blinking is faster than 0,5 sec, it means that the board is in test mode with all the dip-switch OFF. In this way the board isn't ready to communicate with an external device.

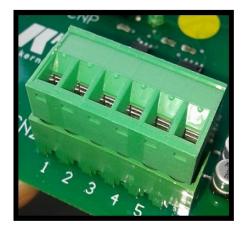
3.13.Informations about wires and connectors



CHANNEL CONNECTOR		
Nominal Cross Section	6 mm²	
Stripping length	8 mm	
Conductor cross section AWG/kcmil	24 to 10	
Screw	M3	
Min / Max Torque	0.50 Nm / 0.60 Nm [4.4 Lbf-In / 5.3 Lbf-In]	
Operating temperature	-40°C ÷ (depends on the derating curve)	



VOLTAGE CONNECTOR			
Wire Section 2.5 mm ² / 0.20-2.5 mm ²			
Stripping length	7 mm		
Conductor cross section AWG/kcmil	24 to 12		
Screw	M3		
Min / Max Torque	0.50 Nm / 0.60 Nm [4.4 Lbf-In / 5.3 Lbf-In]		
Operating temperature	-40°C ÷ (depends on the derating curve)		



OTHER CONNECTORS (Power Supply, Serial)		
Wire Section	2.5 mm² / 0.34-2.5 mm²	
Stripping length	7 - 8 mm	
Solid Wire (AWG)	12-24 / 14-22	
Screw	M3	
Max Torque	0.56 Nm [5.0 Lbf-In]	
Operating temperature	-40°C ÷ +115°C	



Copper Bar		
Min / Max Torque	2.2 Nm / 2.5 Nm [19.5 Lbf-In / 22.1 Lbf-In]	

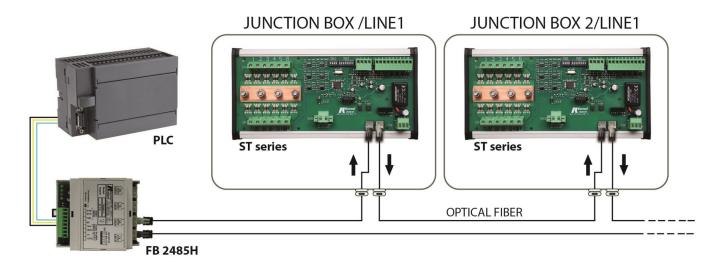
3.14.Connection Types

Is possible connect ST2 with 3 different configurations as below! The 3 types are the following:

- 1. "Single Ring or Single Connection"
- 2. "Double Ring or Double Connection" [Redundant]
- 3. "Multidrop Connection" [Redundant]

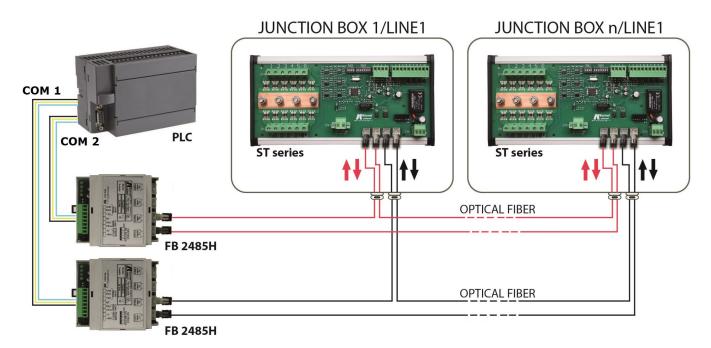
The final result is as schematized here below:

SINGLE RING / SINGLE CONNECTION



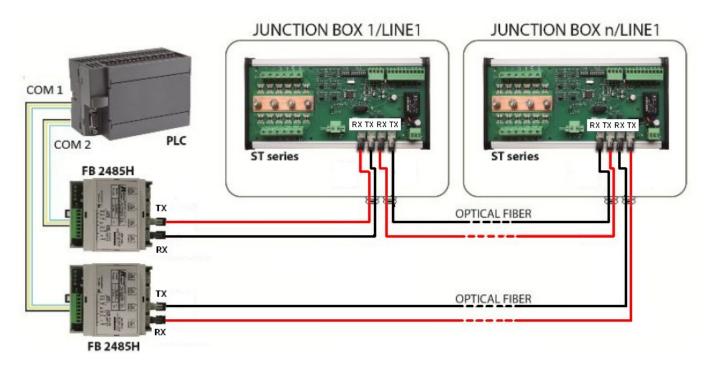
Protocol = MODBUS or IEC 60870-5-101

DOUBLE RING / DOUBLE CONNECTION [REDUNDANT]



Protocol = MODBUS or IEC 60870-5-101

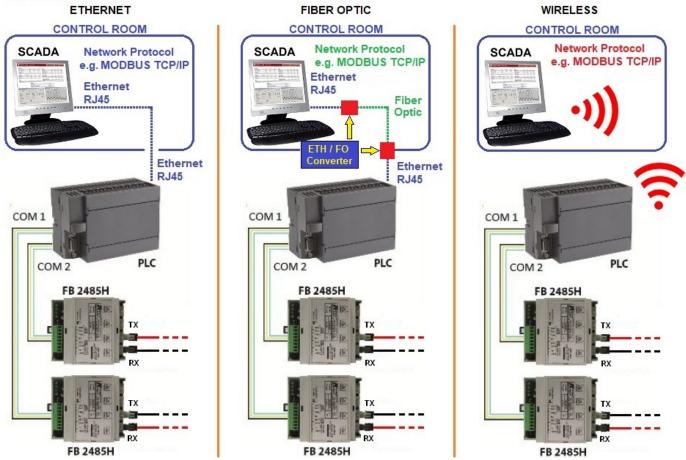
MULTIDROP CONNECTION [REDUNDANT]



Protocol = MODBUS or IEC 60870-5-101

3.15.Scada - PLC

Typically the PLC communicates via Modbus TCP / IP protocol with the SCADA in the control room with Ethernet or fiber optic or wireless connection.



4.MEMORY MAP

The ST2 has the following memory map, it's made of 16 bits locations (1 word) called "REGISTERS". Because each REGISTER is composed by 16 bits, its maximum value will be 65535.

30001 RO Inputs 30002 RO Inst Curr Str_01 (mA [025000]) 30003 RO Inst Curr Str_02 (mA [025000])		
30003 RO Inst Curr Str_02 (mA [025000])		
	Inst Curr Str_01 (mA [025000])	
20004	Inst Curr Str_02 (mA [025000])	
30004 RO Inst Curr Str_03 (mA [025000])	nst Curr Str_03 (mA [025000])	
30005 RO Inst Curr Str_04 (mA [025000])		
30006 RO Inst Curr Str_05 (mA [025000])		
30007 RO Inst Curr Str_06 (mA [025000])		
30008 RO Inst Curr Str_07 (mA [025000])		
30009 RO Inst Curr Str_08 (mA [025000])		
30010 RO Inst Curr Str_09 (mA [025000])		
30011 RO Inst Curr Str_10 (mA [025000])		
30012 RO Inst Curr Str_11 (mA [025000])		
30013 RO Inst Curr Str_12 (mA [025000])		
30014 RO Inst Curr Str_13 (mA [025000])		
30015 RO Inst Curr Str_14 (mA [025000])		
30016 RO Inst Curr Str_15 (mA [025000])		
30017 RO Inst Curr Str_16 (mA [025000])		
30034 RO Fuse status (Ch01Ch16)		
30040 RO Inst V_1 (V [01500])		
30041 RO Not used		
30042 RO Inst Aux 1 (0 10 V) [01000]		
30043 RO Inst Aux 2 (0 20 mA) [01000]		
30044 RO Inst T_1 (°C [-20+120]) - PT100		
30045 RO Inst T_2 (°C [-22,0+83,0]) - on board		
20047 PO Sum of all currents (A / 10)		
30047 RO Sum of all currents (A / 10)		
30048 RO Power (W) - LSW 30049 RO Power (W) - MSW		
30049 RO Powel (W) - MSW		
30052 RO RMS Curr Str_01 (average value on last 6 seconds)		
30053 RO RMS Curr Str_02 (average value on last 6 seconds)		
30054 RO RMS Curr Str_03 (average value on last 6 seconds)		
30055 RO RMS Curr Str_04 (average value on last 6 seconds)		
30056 RO RMS Curr Str_05 (average value on last 6 seconds)		
30057 RO RMS Curr Str_06 (average value on last 6 seconds)		
30058 RO RMS Curr Str_07 (average value on last 6 seconds)		
30059 RO RMS Curr Str_08 (average value on last 6 seconds)		

30060				
30062 RO RMS Curr Str_11 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30063 RO RMS Curr Str_12 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30064 RO RMS Curr Str_13 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30065 RO RMS Curr Str_13 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30066 RO RMS Curr Str_15 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30067 RO RMS Curr Str_16 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30068 RO RMS Curr Str_16 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30084 RO RMS V_1 (V [01500]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30085 RO Not used 30086 RO RMS Aux 1 (0 10 V) [01000] (average value on last 6 seconds) 30087 RO RMS Aux 2 (0 20 mA) [01000] (average value on last 6 seconds) 30088 RO RMS T_1 (*C [-20+120]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30089 RO RMS T_1 (*C [-20+20]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30091 RO RMS Sum of all currents (A / 10) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30092 RO RMS Power (W) - LSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30093 RO RMS Power (W) - LSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30201 RO Firmware Version READ ONLY 30202 RO SMU Model READ ONLY 30203 RO Channels Number READ ONLY 30204 RO Shunt Type READ ONLY 30205 RO End Scale READ ONLY 30206 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30207 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30208 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30209 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30201 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30201 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30201 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30202 RO Model READ ONLY 30203 RO Linique ID code [0] READ ONLY 30211 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30211 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30214 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [2] READ ONLY 30216 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30217 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30218 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30219 READ ONLY 30210 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30210 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30211 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30214 RO Unique ID code [2] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [3] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID	30060	RO	RMS Curr Str_09 (average value on last 6 s	seconds)
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30065 RO RMS Curr Str_14 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30066 RO RMS Curr Str_15 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30067 RO RMS Curr Str_16 (average value on last 6 seconds)	30063	RO	RMS Curr Str_12 (average value on last 6 seconds)	
30066 RO RMS Curr Str_15 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30067 RO RMS Curr Str_16 (average value on last 6 seconds) RMS Curr Str_16 (average value on last 6 seconds) 30084 RO RMS V_1 (V [01500]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30085 RO RMS Aux 1 (0 10 V) [01000] (average value on last 6 seconds) 30086 RO RMS Aux 2 (0 20 m.h) [01000] (average value on last 6 seconds) 30087 RO RMS Aux 2 (0 20 m.h) [01000] (average value on last 6 seconds) 30088 RO RMS T_1 (*C [-20+120]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30089 RO RMS T_2 (*C [-22.0+83.0]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30091 RO RMS Sum of all currents (A / 10) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30092 RO RMS Power (W) - LSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30093 RO RMS Power (W) - MSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30093 RO RMS Power (W) - MSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30201 RO Firmware Version READ ONLY READ ONLY 30203 RO Channels Number READ ONLY 30204 RO Shunt Type READ ONLY 30204 RO Shunt Type READ ONLY 30206 RO Reserved for Future Use RED	30064	RO	RMS Curr Str_13 (average value on last 6 s	econds)
30067 RO RMS Curr Str_16 (average value on last 6 seconds)	30065	RO	RMS Curr Str_14 (average value on last 6 s	econds)
30084 RO RMS V_1 (V [01500]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30085 RO RO RV S V_1 (V [01500]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30086 RO RWS Aux 1 (0 10 V) [01000] (average value on last 6 seconds) 30087 RO RWS Aux 2 (0 20 mA) [01000] (average value on last 6 seconds) 30088 RO RWS T_1 (*C [-20+120]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30089 RO RWS T_2 (*C [-22,0+83,0]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30091 RO RWS Sum of all currents (A / 10) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30092 RO RWS Power (W) - LSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30093 RO RWS Power (W) - MSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30201 RO Firmware Version READ ONLY 30202 RO SMU Model READ ONLY 30202 RO SMU Model READ ONLY 30203 RO Channels Number READ ONLY 30204 RO Shunt Type READ ONLY 30205 RO End Scale READ ONLY 30206 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30207 RO Reserved for Future Use READ ONLY 30208 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30209 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30210 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30211 RO Unique ID code [0] READ ONLY 30212 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30214 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30217 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30218 READ ONLY 30219 READ ONLY 30210 RO RESERVED FOR THE USE READ ONLY 30211 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30212 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30213 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30214 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [2] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [3] READ ONLY 30217 RO Unique ID code [4] READ ONLY 30218 READ ONLY 30219 RO Set up PARITY mode : 1 = None ; 2 = Even ; 3 = Odd 40000 RW Offset Curr Str_01 40000 RW Offset Curr Str_05	30066	RO	RMS Curr Str_15 (average value on last 6 s	econds)
30084 RO RMS V_1 (V [01500]) (average value on last 6 seconds)	30067	RO	RMS Curr Str_16 (average value on last 6 s	econds)
30085 RO Not used	•••	•		
30086 RO RMS Aux 1 (0 10 V) [01000] (average value on last 6 seconds)	30084	RO	RMS V_1 (V [01500]) (average value on	last 6 seconds)
30087 RO RMS Aux 2 (0 20 mA) [01000] (average value on last 6 seconds)	30085	RO	Not used	
30088 RO RMS T_1 (*C [-20+120]) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30089 RO RMS T_2 (*C [-22,0+83,0]) (average value on last 6 seconds)	30086	RO	RMS Aux 1 (0 10 V) [01000] (average v	value on last 6 seconds)
### 30089 RO RMS T_2 (*C[-22,0+83,0]) (average value on last 6 seconds) ### 30091 RO RMS Sum of all currents (A / 10) (average value on last 6 seconds) ### 30092 RO RMS Power (W) - LSW (average value on last 6 seconds) ### 30093 RO RMS Power (W) - MSW (average value on last 6 seconds) ### 30093 RO RMS Power (W) - MSW (average value on last 6 seconds) ### 30093 RO RMS Power (W) - MSW (average value on last 6 seconds) ### 30094 RO SMU Model READ ONLY ### 30203 RO Channels Number READ ONLY ### 30204 RO Shunt Type READ ONLY ### 30205 RO End Scale READ ONLY ### 30206 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU ### 30207 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU ### 30208 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU ### 30209 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU ### 30210 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU ### 30211 RO Unique ID code [0] READ ONLY ### 30212 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY ### 30213 RO Unique ID code [2] READ ONLY ### 30214 RO Unique ID code [3] READ ONLY ### 30215 RO Unique ID code [4] READ ONLY ### 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY ### 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY ### 40001 RW Set up PARITY mode : 1 = None ; 2 = Even ; 3 = Odd ### 40002 RW Offset Curr Str_02 ### 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 ### 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_03	30087	RO	RMS Aux 2 (0 20 mA) [01000] (average	e value on last 6 seconds)
30091 RO RMS Sum of all currents (A / 10) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30092 RO RMS Power (W) - LSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30093 RO RMS Power (W) - MSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30201 RO Firmware Version READ ONLY 30202 RO SMU Model READ ONLY 30203 RO Channels Number READ ONLY 30204 RO Shunt Type READ ONLY 30205 RO End Scale READ ONLY 30206 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30207 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30208 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30209 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30210 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30211 RO Unique ID code [0] READ ONLY 30212 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30213 RO Unique ID code [2] READ ONLY 30214 RO Unique ID code [3] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [4] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [6] READ ONLY 30217 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30218 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30219 READ ONLY 30210 RO RESERVED READ ONLY 30210 RO RESERVED READ ONLY 30211 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30212 RO Unique ID code [2] READ ONLY 30213 RO Unique ID code [3] READ ONLY 30214 RO Unique ID code [4] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 30217 READ ONLY 30218 READ ONLY 30219 READ ONLY 30210 RW Offset Curr Str_01 40001 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03	30088	RO	RMS T_1 (°C [-20+120]) (average value	on last 6 seconds)
RO RMS Sum of all currents (A / 10) (average value on last 6 seconds) 30092 RO RMS Power (W) - LSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30093 RO RMS Power (W) - MSW (average value on last 6 seconds)	30089	RO	RMS T_2 (°C [-22,0+83,0]) (average value	ue on last 6 seconds)
30092 RO RMS Power (W) - LSW (average value on last 6 seconds) 30093 RO RMS Power (W) - MSW (average value on last 6 seconds)	•••			
30093 RO RMS Power (W) - MSW (average value on last 6 seconds)	30091	RO	RMS Sum of all currents (A / 10) (average	value on last 6 seconds)
30201 RO Firmware Version READ ONLY 30202 RO SMU Model READ ONLY 30203 RO Channels Number READ ONLY 30204 RO Shunt Type READ ONLY 30205 RO End Scale READ ONLY 30206 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30207 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30208 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30209 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30210 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU 30211 RO Unique ID code [0] READ ONLY 30212 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30213 RO Unique ID code [2] READ ONLY 30214 RO Unique ID code [3] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [4] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 30217 READ ONLY 30218 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 30219 RO Unique ID code [6] READ ONLY 30210 RO RESERVED READ ONLY 30211 RO Unique ID code [7] READ ONLY 30212 RO Unique ID code [8] READ ONLY 30214 RO Unique ID code [8] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [9] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 30217 READ ONLY 30218 READ ONLY 30219 READ ONLY 30219 READ ONLY 30210 RO Offset Curr Str_01 40001 RW Set up PARITY mode : 1 = None ; 2 = Even ; 3 = Odd 40002 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_05	30092	RO	RMS Power (W) - LSW (average value on la	ast 6 seconds)
30201 RO Firmware Version READ ONLY	30093	RO	RMS Power (W) - MSW (average value on la	ast 6 seconds)
30202 RO SMU Model READ ONLY	•••			T.
30203 RO Channels Number READ ONLY	30201	RO	Firmware Version	
READ ONLY	30202	RO	SMU Model	
30205 RO End Scale READ ONLY	30203	RO	Channels Number	READ ONLY
30206 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU	30204	RO		
30207 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU	30205	RO	End Scale	READ ONLY
30208 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU		RO		
30209 RO Reserved for Future Use RFU	30207	RO	Reserved for Future Use	RFU
RO		RO	Reserved for Future Use	
READ ONLY READ	30209	RO	Reserved for Future Use	
30212 RO Unique ID code [1] READ ONLY 30213 RO Unique ID code [2] READ ONLY 30214 RO Unique ID code [3] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [4] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 40001 RW Set up PARITY mode : 1 = None ; 2 = Even ; 3 = Odd 40002 RW Offset Curr Str_01 40003 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05		RO		
30213 RO Unique ID code [2] READ ONLY 30214 RO Unique ID code [3] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [4] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 40001 RW Set up PARITY mode : 1 = None ; 2 = Even ; 3 = Odd 40002 RW Offset Curr Str_01 40003 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05		RO		
30214 RO Unique ID code [3] READ ONLY 30215 RO Unique ID code [4] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 40001 RW Set up PARITY mode : 1 = None ; 2 = Even ; 3 = Odd 40002 RW Offset Curr Str_01 40003 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05				
30215 RO Unique ID code [4] READ ONLY 30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 40001 RW Set up PARITY mode : 1 = None ; 2 = Even ; 3 = Odd 40002 RW Offset Curr Str_01 40003 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05				
30216 RO Unique ID code [5] READ ONLY 40001 RW Set up PARITY mode : 1 = None ; 2 = Even ; 3 = Odd 40002 RW Offset Curr Str_01 40003 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
40001 RW Set up PARITY mode : 1 = None ; 2 = Even ; 3 = Odd 40002 RW Offset Curr Str_01 40003 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05			<u>'</u>	
40001 RW Set up PARITY mode : 1 = None ; 2 = Even ; 3 = Odd 40002 RW Offset Curr Str_01 40003 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05	30216	RO	Unique ID code [5]	READ ONLY
40002 RW Offset Curr Str_01 40003 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05			le composition of the compositio	2 21
40003 RW Offset Curr Str_02 40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05			<u>'</u>	; 3 = Udd
40004 RW Offset Curr Str_03 40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05				
40005 RW Offset Curr Str_04 40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05				
40006 RW Offset Curr Str_05				
		RW		
40007 RW Offset Curr Str_06	40006			

40008	RW	Offset Curr Str_07
40009	RW	Offset Curr Str_08
40010	RW	Offset Curr Str_09
40011	RW	Offset Curr Str_10
40012	RW	Offset Curr Str_11
40013	RW	Offset Curr Str_12
40014	RW	Offset Curr Str_13
40015	RW	Offset Curr Str_14
40016	RW	Offset Curr Str_15
40017	RW	Offset Curr Str_16
•••		
40034	RW	Answer Delay (msec)
40035	RW	Time Com Active (1/10 sec.)
40036	RW	Parity (1 = None, 2 = Even, 3 = Odd) = 40001
40037	RW	Fuse Threshold
•••		
40040	RW	Offset V_1
40041	RW	Not used
40042	RW	Offset Aux_1
40043	RW	Offset Aux_2
40044	RW	Offset T_1
40045	RW	Offset T_2
•••		
40047	RW	Minimum Current (Default = 1 A)
40048	RW	Minimum Voltage (Default = 100 V)
•••		
40052	RW	Gain Curr Str_1
40053	RW	Gain Curr Str_2
40054	RW	Gain Curr Str_3
40055	RW	Gain Curr Str_4
40056	RW	Gain Curr Str_5
40057	RW	Gain Curr Str_6
40058	RW	Gain Curr Str_7
40059	RW	Gain Curr Str_8
40060	RW	Gain Curr Str_9
40061	RW	Gain Curr Str_10
40062	RW	Gain Curr Str_11
40063	RW	Gain Curr Str_12
40064	RW	Gain Curr Str_13
40065	RW	Gain Curr Str_14
40066	RW	Gain Curr Str_15
40067	RW	Gain Curr Str_16
•••		
40090	RW	Gain V_1
40091	RW	Not used

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40092	RW	Gain Aux_1	
40093	RW	Gain Aux_2	
40094	RW	Gain T_1	
40095	RW	Gain T_2	
•••			
40101	RW	User Memory 01	
40102	RW	User Memory 02	
40103	RW	User Memory 03	
40104	RW	User Memory 04	
40105	RW	User Memory 05	
40106	RW	User Memory 06	
40107	RW	User Memory 07	
40108	RW	User Memory 08	
•••			
40201	RO	Shunt Type (= 30204)	READ ONLY
40202	RO	SMU Model (= 30202)	READ ONLY
40203	RO	Firmware Version (= 30201)	READ ONLY
40204	RO	Channels Number (= 30203)	READ ONLY
40205	RO	End Scale (= 30205)	READ ONLY
40206	RO	Reserved for Future Use	RFU
40207	RO	Reserved for Future Use	RFU
40208	RO	Reserved for Future Use	RFU
40209	RO	Reserved for Future Use	RFU
40210	RO	Unique ID code [0] (= 30211)	READ ONLY
40211	RO	Unique ID code [1] (= 30212)	READ ONLY
40212	RO	Unique ID code [2] (= 30213)	READ ONLY
40213	RO	Unique ID code [3] (= 30214)	READ ONLY
40214	RO	Unique ID code [4] (= 30215)	READ ONLY
40215	RO	Unique ID code [5] (= 30216)	READ ONLY

<u>NOTES</u>

Each "Offset Register" has 0 as default value. Each "Gain Register" has 1000 as default value. The value 1000 means x1, in this way, for example, is possible write 500 and make the value x0,5.

4.1. Memory Map Description

30001: the first four bits of these register are the mirror status of the four digital inputs on the board (INPO ... INP3 on CN5). So if 30001 = 000000000001111 [bin] = 15 [dec], it means that all the four digital inputs are ON.

30002 ... 30017: these registers contains the current value of the current reading on each channel. It is in mA

30034: the sixteen bits of 30034 show if each channel current reading is under 200 mA or not. This threshold represent the fuse status.

30040 ... 30049: these registers show the value of some readings as the temperatures (T1 and T2), voltage reading (on connector CN3) etc...

30052 ... 30067: these registers contains the average value on last 6 seconds of the current reading. Obviously these values are more stable than the instantaneous values show in registers 30002 ... 30017

40001: through this register is possible set the communication parity. The default value is zero, so "no parity"

40002 ... 40017: these are the offset registers. These registers (whose default value is 0) allow to add a constant value to the current reading. This allow to adjust a possible reading error. For example if 30002 show 2300 (it means that channel CH1 read 2,3A), writing 40002 = 200 the new value of the reading will be 30002 = 2500 (it means that channel CH1 read 2,5A).

40052 ... 40067: these are the gain registers. These registers (whose default value is 1000) allow to multiply a constant value to the current reading. This allow to adjust a possible reading error. For example if 30002 show 2300 (it means that channel CH1 read 2,3A), writing 40052 = 1500 the new value of the reading will be 30002 = 3450 (it means that channel CH1 read 3,45A, $2300 \times 1,5 = 3450$).

40101 ... 40108: these are 8 registers available to the user. They can contain data useful to the customer, for example a different progressive number for each board.

```
40201 : Shunt Type (= 30204) - READ ONLY
```

40202: SMU Model (= 30202) - READ ONLY

40203 : Firmware Version (= 30201) - READ ONLY

40204 : Channels Number (= 30203) - READ ONLY

40205 : End Scale (= 30205) - READ ONLY

40206 ... 40209 : Not Used - Reserved for Future Use (RFU)

40210 ... 40215: Unique device ID register (96 bits) (organized in six 16 bit words) that is unique for any board. (= 30211 ... 30216) - READ ONLY

The unique device identifier is ideally suited:

- for use as serial numbers (for example string serial numbers or other end applications).
- for use as part of the security keys in order to increase the security.

The 96-bit unique device identifier provides a reference number which is unique for any device and in any context. These bits cannot be altered by the user. The code is composed of the following parts:

```
UID [31:00] : X and Y coordinates on the wafer expressed in BCD format
UID [39:32] : WAF NUM [07:00] > Wafer number (8-bit unsigned number)
UID [63:40] : LOT NUM [23:00] > Lot number (ASCII encoded)
UID [95:64] : LOT NUM [55:24] > Lot number (ASCII encoded)
```

4.2.Reading speed

The analogic values of the currents, the voltage and the temperature are read simultaneously 10 times per second (100 msec scan time), then are inserted in it's own FIFO (a FIFO for each analogic value), 16 values deep. The value read from the board is the mobile mean of the FIFO, so it is the mean of the last 16 read values (1.6 sec), updated every 100 msec. This is done to make the analogic readout more stable and it is a good compromise between speed and readout stability.

The instant values of the analogic are temporary stored into a hidden memory area, not accessible to the COM port.

The update time depend on the speed polling time of the SCADA and the communication baud rate.

The total time requested to read the board via com port is splitted into three times: the query time, the latency time and the response time.

The query time is the time needed by the SCADA to send the MODBUS query packet and depends on the baud rate (about 4 msec at 19200 baud rate).

The latency time is the time need by the board to process the query and prepare the answer, it is between 1 and 2 msec and it is independent on the baud rate.

The response time is the time needed byte the board to send the MODBUS answer packet, it's depend on the baud rate and on the number of registers read at a time, for a single register read at 19200 baud it is about 4 msec.

So at 19200 baud rate the total time needed to read a single register is about 10 msec., you have to add 1 msec every other register read, for example to read 16 registers with a single query will take 10 msec + 15 * 1 msec = 25 msec.



5.OPTICAL FIBER

5.1.OFC Network features

The characteristics of the fiber optic network achievable with the KERNEL SMUs with OFC interface on board are the following:

Max number of SMU that it's possible to connect in one network	256
Maximum distance between 2 consecutive SMUs	2 - 3 KM if the "fiber / connector" connections are correct
Recommended fiber optic features	Multimode OM2 class or higher 50/125 μm or 62.5/125 μm
Connectors features	ST

IMPORTANT

The optical signal is regenerated internally to each SMU so that, each SMU retransmits the optical signal at the <u>maximum</u> power.

So the first SMU, connected to the FB2485H converter, receives the same level of optical signal that receives the last SMU of the network.

IMPORTANT

5.2. Optical Fiber Cable

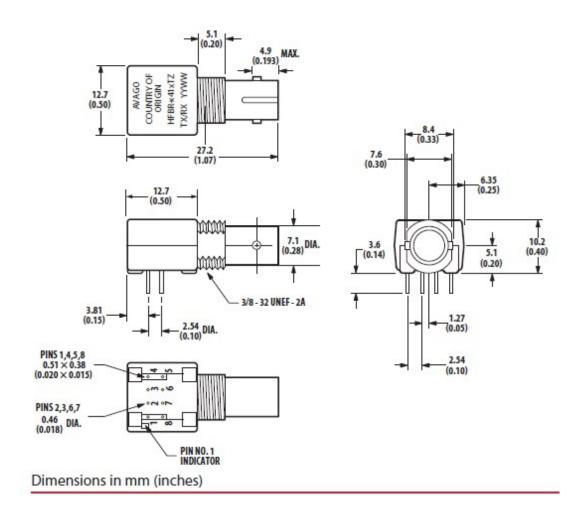
The optical fiber cable which is necessary to the connection, must be a compatible cable:

Optical Fiber	Compatible with : 50/125 μm 62.5/125 μm 100/140 μm 200 μm Plastic-Clad Silica (PCS) Fiber
In Compliance with standard	OM1, OM2, OM3, OM4



5.3. Optical Fiber Connector

Here are indicated the characteristics of the optical fiber connector on the board :



6.ORDER CODES

Here below the order codes:

CODE	DESCRIPTION	
ST2 1625NC\SR	Device with support for din rail bar + 2 Fiber Optic Connectors	
ST2 1625NK\SR	Device without support for din rail bar + 2 Fiber Optic Connectors	
ST2 1625NC\DR	Device with support for din rail bar + 4 Fiber Optic Connectors	
ST2 1625NK\DR	Device without support for din rail bar + 4 Fiber Optic Connectors	

7.CONTACTS

GENERAL

Tel: 059 469978 website: www.kernelgroup.it e-mail: info@kernelgroup.it

COMMERCIAL

Sig.ra Linda Mammi Tel: 059 469978 Int. 207 e-mail: sales@kernelgroup.it Skype: mammi.kernel

ADMINISTRATION

Sig.ra Paola Morandi Tel: 059 469978 Int. 201 e-mail: amministrazione@kernelgroup.it Skype: morandi.kernel

PURCHASING and PRODUCTION

Sig. Stefano Catuogno Tel: 059 469978 Int. 204 e-mail: produzione@kernelgroup.it Skype: catuogno.kernel

TECHNICAL OFFICE

Sig. Alessandro Muratori Tel: 059 469978 Int. 205 e-mail: alessandro.muratori@kernelgroup.it Skype: muratori.kernel

> Support Tel: 059 469978 Int. 209 e-mail: support@kernelgroup.it Skype: support.kernel

> > Sig. Morisi Luca

e-mail: luca.morisi@kernelgroup.it Skype: morisi.kernel

Kernel Sistemi s.r.l., via Vignolese n. 1138 41126 Modena - ITALY Tel. 059 469 978 - Fax 059 468 874 www.kernelgroup.it